

Note: these are all measures of pressure

Atm - atmospheres

Torr

Bars

KPa

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Hour \_\_\_\_\_

## Boyle's Law Problem Set

$$P_1V_1 = P_2V_2$$

\* Solve the following problems using Boyle's Law, as seen above \*

1.  $P_1 = 23 \text{ bars}$     $P_2 = 25 \text{ bars}$   
 $V_1 = 500 \text{ ml}$     $V_2 = ??? \text{ ml}$

2.  $P_1 = 150 \text{ bars}$     $P_2 = ??? \text{ bars}$   
 $V_1 = 250 \text{ ml}$     $V_2 = 95 \text{ ml}$

3.  $P_1 = ??? \text{ bars}$     $P_2 = 2225 \text{ bars}$   
 $V_1 = 75 \text{ ml}$     $V_2 = 100 \text{ ml}$

4.  $P_1 = 557 \text{ bars}$     $P_2 = ??? \text{ bars}$   
 $V_1 = 115 \text{ ml}$     $V_2 = 300 \text{ ml}$

5. If a balloon with a pressure of 5 bars and a volume of 250 ml is squeezed with a pressure of 15 bars, what is the final volume? (in ml)

6. If a sealed pop bottle has a volume of 220 ml, and a pressure of 10 bars, what pressure must be applied to the bottle to change the volume to 180 ml? (In bars)

7. If a car tire has a pressure of 650 bars, and a volume of 5000 ml, what is the volume (in Liters) of the tire after the pressure on the tire increases to 725 bars when the car begins to move?

# BOYLE'S LAW

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Boyle's Law states that the volume of a gas varies inversely with its pressure if temperature is held constant. (If one goes up, the other goes down.) We use the formula:

$$P_1 \times V_1 = P_2 \times V_2$$

Solve the following problems (assuming constant temperature).

1. A sample of oxygen gas occupies a volume of 250. mL at 740. torr pressure. What volume will it occupy at 800. torr pressure?  
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2. A sample of carbon dioxide occupies a volume of 3.50 liters at 125 kPa pressure. What pressure would the gas exert if the volume was decreased to 2.00 liters?  
(kPa) \_\_\_\_\_
3. A 2.0 liter container of nitrogen had a pressure of 3.2 atm. What volume would be necessary to decrease the pressure to 1.0 atm?  
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4. Ammonia gas occupies a volume of 450. mL at a pressure of 720. mm Hg. What volume will it occupy at **780 mm Hg?**  
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5. A 175 mL sample of neon had its pressure changed from 75 kPa to 150 kPa. What is its new volume?  
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6. A sample of hydrogen at 1.5 atm had its pressure decreased to 0.50 atm producing a new volume of 750 mL. What was its original volume?  
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7. Chlorine gas occupies a volume of 1.2 liters at 720 torr pressure. What volume will it occupy at **500 torr of pressure?**  
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